

# Data Integration using the NASA Air Traffic Management Ontology



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# Background:

## NASA's ATM Data Warehouse

- NASA researchers require historical ATM data
  - NASA Ames conducts research on future ATM concepts
  - Researchers require data for analysis and concept validation
- NASA Ames' **ATM Data Warehouse** archives data collected from FAA, NASA, NOAA, DOT, industry
  - Warehouse captures:
    - live streamed data
    - published periodic data
  - Data holdings available back to 2009



# A Sampling of Archived ATM Data Warehouse Holdings

- Flight plans & tracks
    - Airline Situation Display to Industry (ASDI)\*
    - Air Route Traffic Control Center tracks
    - TRACON tracks
    - Center-TRACON Automation System (CTAS)
    - Exelis tracks
  - Weather
    - METAR, TAF
    - Corridor Integrated Weather Service (CIWS)
    - AIREP, PIREP
    - Rapid Refresh (RR) Weather Forecast
  - Traffic Management
    - Advisories & TMs
    - Time-based Flow Management (TBFM)
- \*SWIM conversion underway for available sources*

ATM Data Warehouse: A microcosm of the NAS data environment



# Problem: Non-integrated Data

- ATM Warehouse data is replicated & archived in its original format
- Data sets lack standardization
  - data formats
  - nomenclature
  - conceptual structure
- To analyze and mine data, researchers must write special-purpose code to integrate data for each new task
  - ➔ Huge time sink!

- **Possible cross-dataset mismatches:**
  - terminology
  - scientific units
  - temporal alignment
  - spatial alignment
  - conceptualization organization



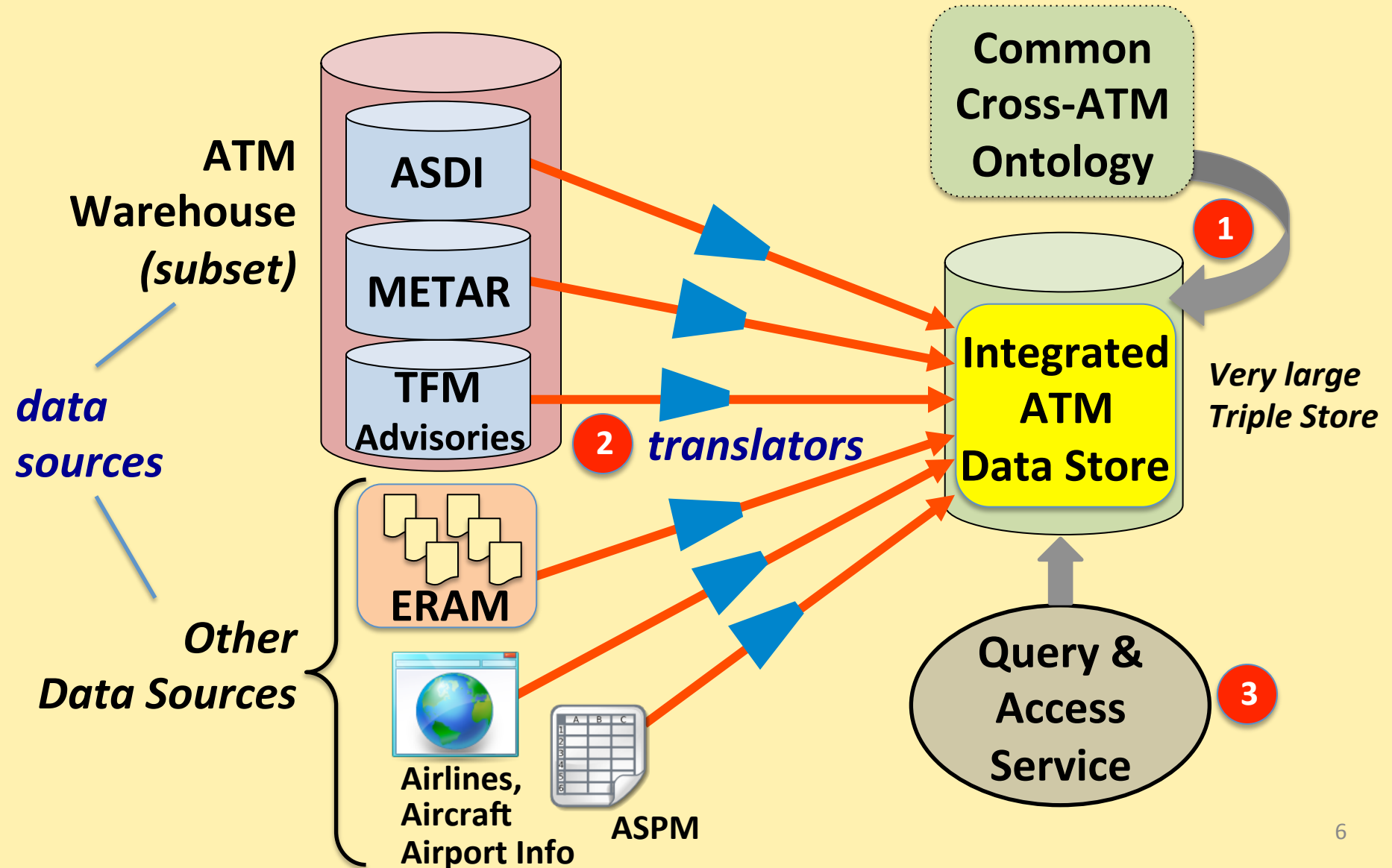
# Proposed Solution

*Relieve users of responsibility for integration!*

Integrate Warehouse data sources  
on the server side  
using **Semantic Integration**



# Semantic Integration Approach: Prototype System Diagram

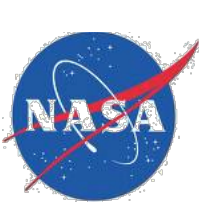




# What is modeled in the NASA ATM Ontology?

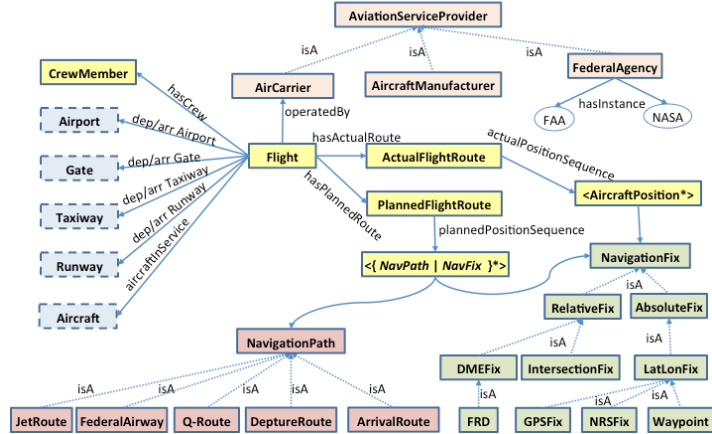
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- ❖ **150+ object types:** •Flights •Aircraft and manufacturers •Airlines •Airports and physical infrastructure •NAS facilities •Air traffic management initiatives •Surface weather conditions and forecasts •Airspace sectors, fixes, routes, airways •Flight plans and paths
- ❖ **150+ object properties:** •actualDepartureTime •actualArrivalTime •airportArrivalRate •cloudType •dewpoint •EDCTarrivalHold •equipmentCode •groundSpeed •heading •hourlyPrecipitation •IATAcARRIERCode •issuedTime •manufactureYear •maxVisibility
- ❖ **100+ relationship types:** •hasRampTower •hasRunway •operatedBy •locatedInSector •manufacturedBy •hasSurfaceWindCondition •hasLOAwith •exemptedAFP •departureScope •ADLday •adjacentSector •aircraftFix •aircraftFlown •arrivalRunway •reRouteConstraint
- ❖ **2M+ triples in prototype** (one day of ops at one major airport)

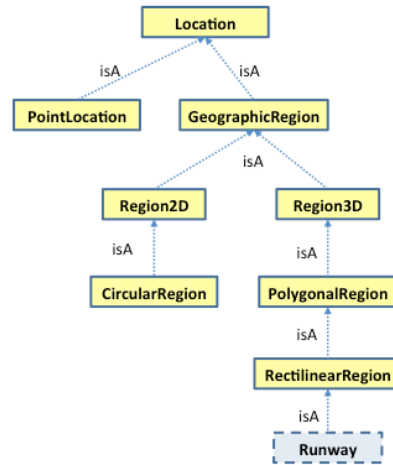


# Ontology Subsets

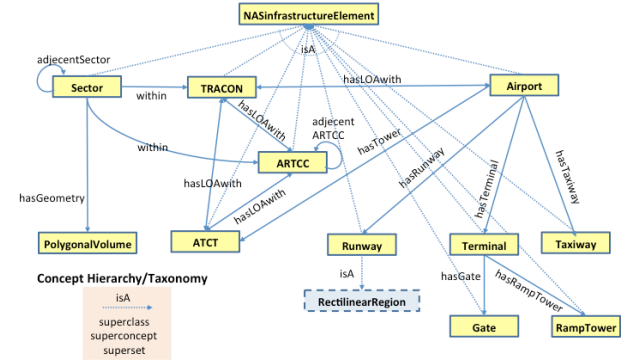
## Flight & Navigation



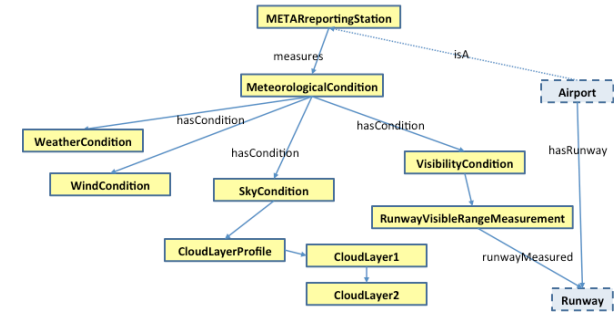
## Spatial Representation



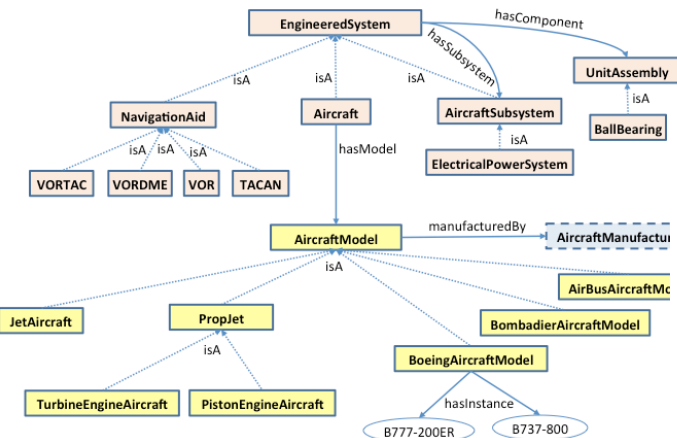
## NAS Infrastructure



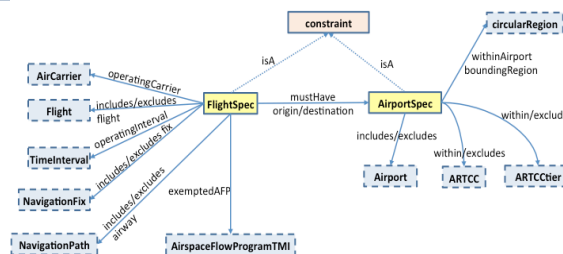
## Meteorology



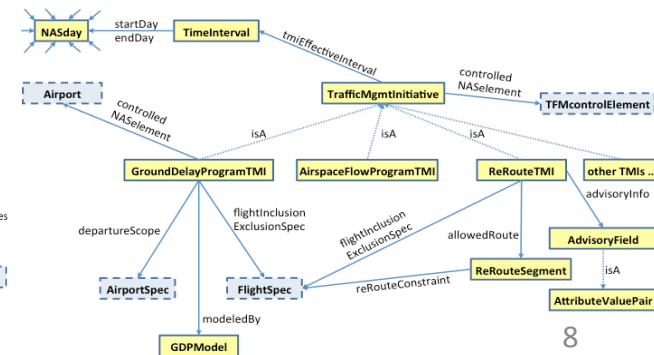
## Aviation Equipment



## Flight/Airport Constraints



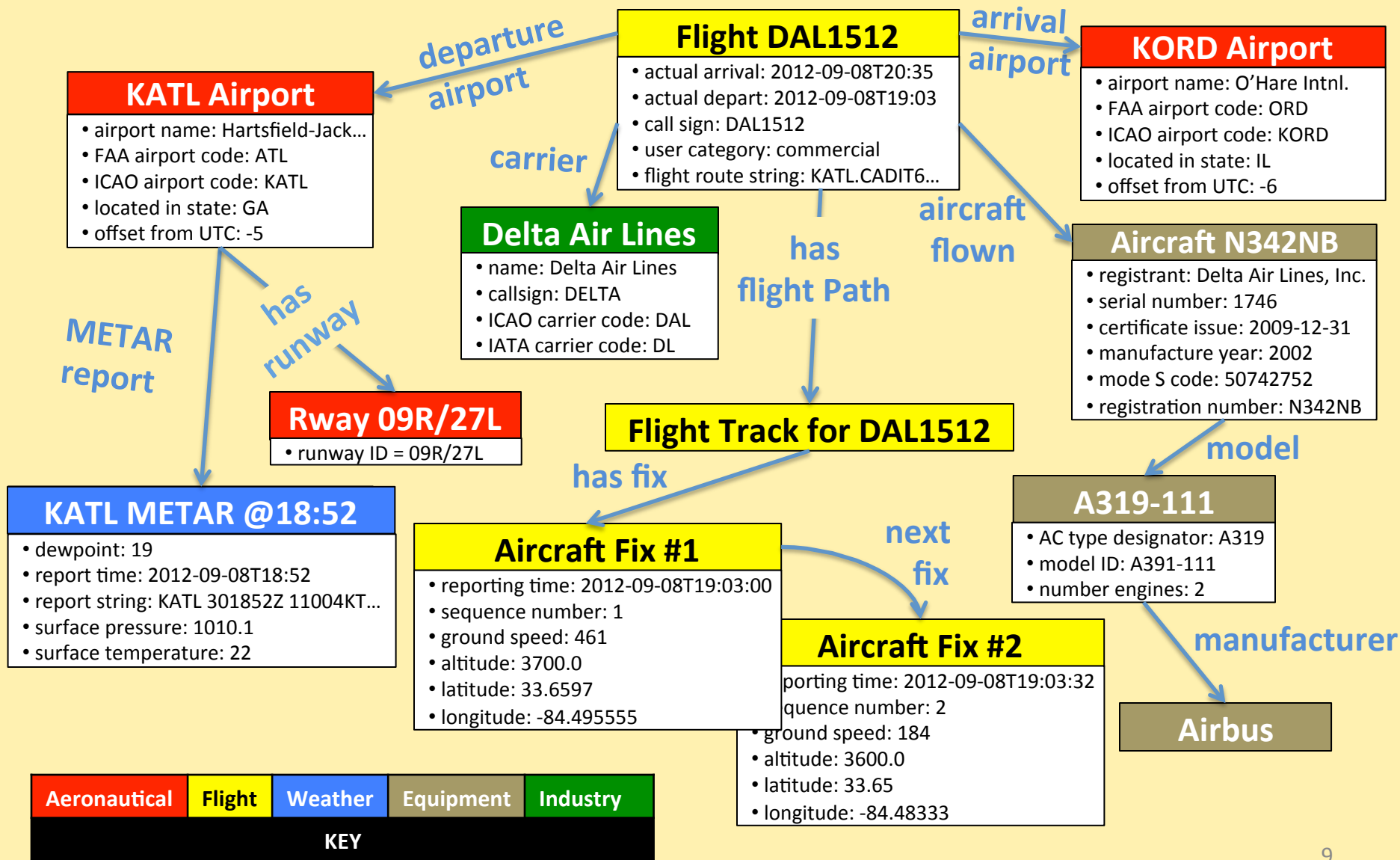
## Traffic Management Initiatives (TMIs)





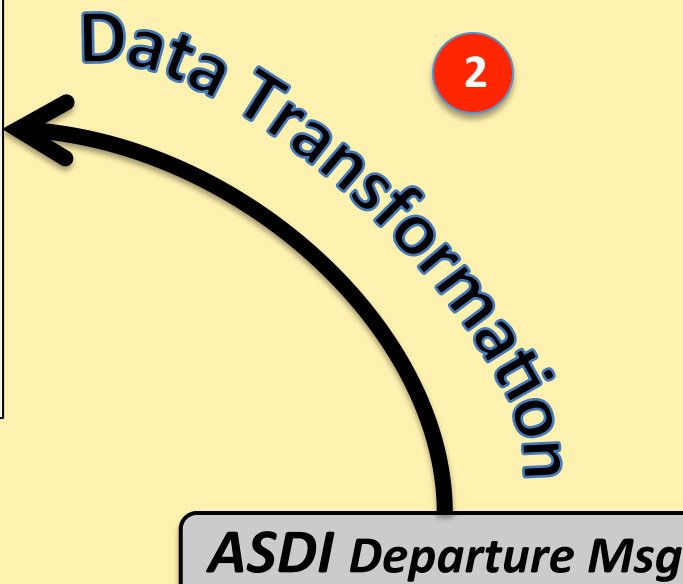
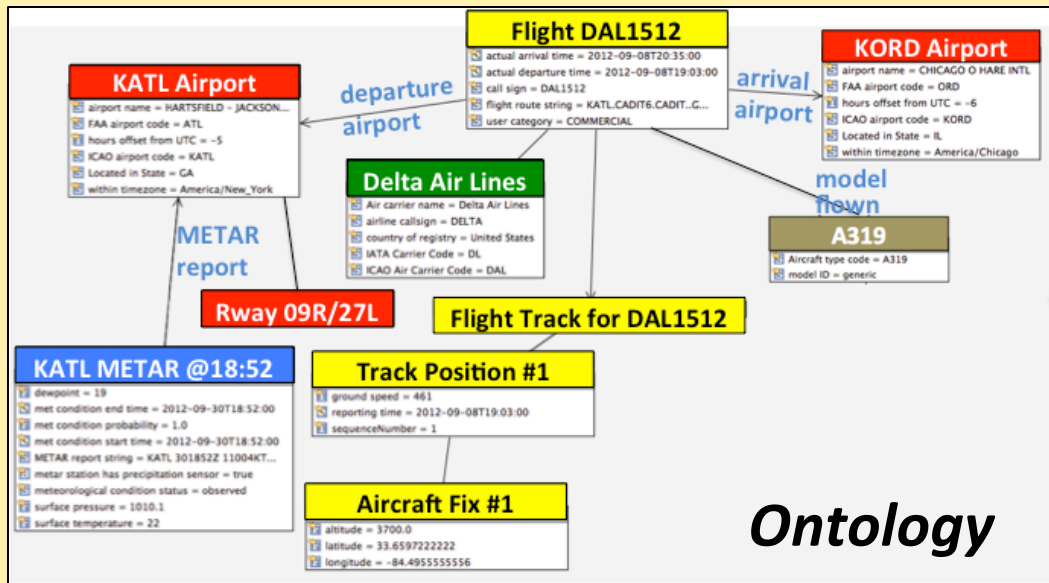


# Ontology Representation of a Flight





# Example: Mapping an ASDI Departure Message onto Ontology



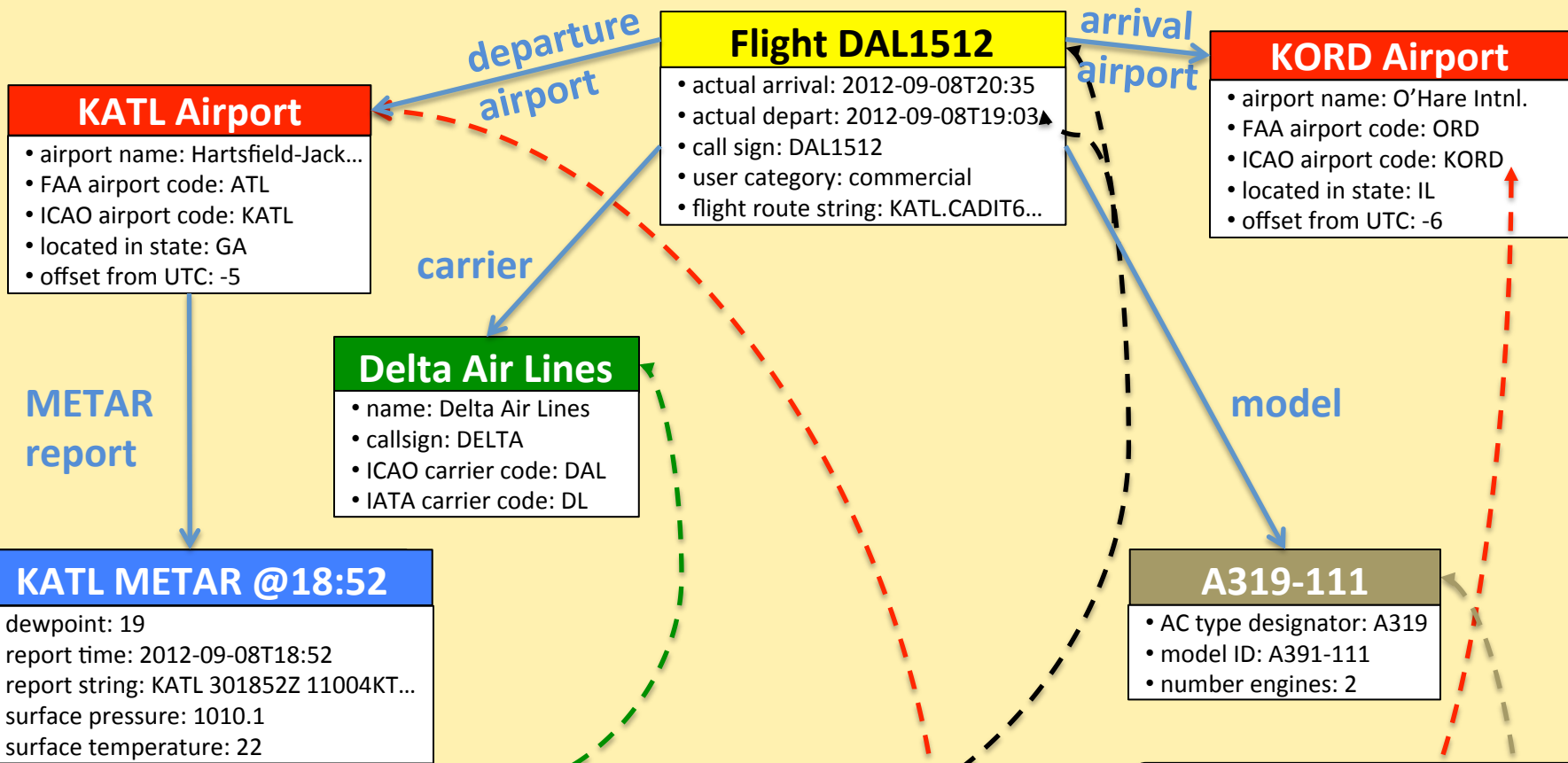
*ASDI Departure Msg*

Message-Time-UTC	AC-ID	Departure-Time-UTC	Departure-Named-Fix	Arrival-Named-Fix	AC-Type
2012-09-08 19:02:35	DAL1512	2012-09-08 19:03:00	KATL	KORD	A319

**Original Source Format**



# ASDI Departure Record Mapping



## ASDI Departure Msg

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# Representative SPARQL Queries

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from benchmark set of 17 queries for evaluating performance on scale-up

- **Flight Demographics:**
  - F1: Find Delta flights using A319s departing ZTL airports
  - F3: Find flights with rainy departures from ATL
- **Sector Capacity:**
  - S4: Find which sector controlled the most flights during a given hour
  - S6: Find the busiest sectors in the NAS on a given day, aggregating hourly
- **FAA Advisories / TMIs**
  - T1: Find flights that were subject to GDP Advisories
- **Weather-Impacted Traffic Index (WITI)**
  - W1: Calculate hourly (High Wind, Low Ceiling, Low Visibility) WITI values
- **Flight Delay Data**
  - A3: Compare hourly Airport Acceptance rate with Arrival Demand at an airport



# Status

- Right now, ATM Ontology is just a prototype
  - Ontology contains integrated data corresponding to a single day of NAS operations at a major airport (9/8/12 @ ATL) using a subset of ATM sources
- Two commercial triple stores test-deployed on local server:
  - AllegroGraph (from Franz)
  - GraphDB (from OntoText)
- Within NASA Ames, triple stores can be queried via HTTP as a SPARQL endpoint



# Future Plans

- Increase scale (a key challenge!)
  - 2.4M triples for one day; 36M for 30 days
  - only flights arriving/departing one airport
- Increase scope: additional data sources
- Build tools and services on top of triple store:
  - data browser
  - data query interface
  - data download service



# Long Term Goal

To build the world's largest repository of  
Linked Open Data  
describing the Global Airspace System

– A queryable resource for aviation applications,  
research, analysis, and public policy decision-making

Featuring interconnected data about...

- Flights
- Airports
- Airlines
- Runways/taxiways
- Terminals/Gates
- Airspace control facilities  
(ARTCCs, TRACONs, towers)
- Air traffic management initiatives
- Weather
- Aircraft
- Aircraft mechanical systems
- Aviation safety data
- Aircraft manufacturers
- Airspace topology  
(sectors, fixes, routes)
- Departure/Arrival routes